

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Albaugh Aureo 250 Herbicide

1.2. Other means of identification

Imazapyr

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

1.3.1. Recommended use

Industrial/Professional use : For professional use only

Use of the substance/mixture : Agriculture Herbicide

1.3.2. Restrictions on use

No additional information available.

1.4. Details of the manufacturer/importer

Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd
Level 1, 530 Little Collins Street, MELBOURNE 3000, Australia
Tel (03) 99097183
ABN: 676 890 994

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : 1800 033 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the hazardous chemical

This material is classified as not hazardous according to Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

The following hazard classes fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) – Category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) – Category 3

2.2. Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms : None

Signal word : None

Hazard statements : H402 Harmful to aquatic life
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

Precautionary statements : P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Name	Ingredient identifier (CAS No.)	Content (w/v)
Imazapyr present as the Isopropylamine salt	81334-34-1	25%
Other components are not considered hazardous in this formulation and therefore are not required to be disclosed according to the WHS Regulations. Following is the information for the active constituent which is not classified as hazardous in this formulation.		

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a POISON INFORMATION CENTER (Australia) on 13 11 26 or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain emergency medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with plenty of mild soap and water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

First aid facilities : Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

4.2. Symptoms caused by exposure

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : No information available.

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Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Prolonged exposure may cause respiratory irritation, dizziness or headache.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation

4.3. Medical attention and special treatment

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing equipment

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering drains or water bodies.

Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection during firefighting : In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Breathable air apparatus must be worn when fighting a fire in which this product is involved.

Hazchem code None

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. See Section 8
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area. Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay, sand, soil, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage in sealable open-top type containers for disposal. If large liquid spills occur, attempt to recover as much spilt material from sumps and bunded areas, as possible, before absorbing remaining material into vermiculite or other absorbent.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of mist. Do not breathe mist. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear personal protective equipment. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place out of direct sunlight and heat. Keep container tightly closed. Do not store with seed, fertilisers or foodstuffs.
Incompatibilities	: Oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Exposure control measures

Exposure standards No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

However, the exposure standard for the constituent, Monoisopropylamine (CAS 75-31-0):

TWA = 12 mg/m³ (5 ppm)

STEL = 24 mg/m³ (10 ppm)

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

8.2. Biological monitoring

No biological limit allocated for the product or any of its ingredients. No biological monitoring is required.

8.3. Control banding

Not available.

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8.4. Engineering controls

Handle in well-ventilated areas, generally natural ventilation is adequate.

8.5. Individual protection measures

Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and goggles and appropriate respiratory protection. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. After each day's use, wash contaminated clothing and safety equipment.
Eye and face protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Consult AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for further information.
Skin protection	: Wear protective gloves of impervious material. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Consult AS/NZS 2161 and AS/NZS 4501 for further information.
Respiratory protection	: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection should be worn, consult AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for further information.
Thermal hazards	: No further relevant information available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Pale yellow
Odour	: No data available
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 5.22 (1% aqueous solution)
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: > 100 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.06 – 1.07
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties	: Product is not an oxidizer.
Explosive limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value)	: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

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Acute toxicity	: Not considered to be acutely toxic via oral, dermal and inhalation routes of exposure according to available information. Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met. The information presented below is based on the toxicity data for the formulated product: Oral LD50 (rat): >2000 mg/kg (RCC) Dermal LD50 (rat): >2000 mg/kg (RCC) Inhalation LC50 (rat): >4.49 mg/L (RCC)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not a skin irritant according to available data.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not an eye irritant according to available data.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not a skin sensitiser and not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser according to available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not suspected to cause genetic defects according to available information.
Carcinogenicity	: Not considered to be carcinogenic according to available information.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not considered to be toxic to reproduction according to available information.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ through single exposure according to available information.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ according to available information.
Aspiration hazard	: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard according to available information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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LC50 Fish (96h)	411.52 mg/l (RRL)
EC50 Crustacea (48h)	> 100 mg/l (RRL)
ErC50 Algae (96h)	46.89 mg/l (RRL)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability : Product is considered to be not rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential : No additional information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil : No additional information available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No additional information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product. Do not reuse container for any other purpose.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road and rail transport	: Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
Marine transport	: Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON- DANGEROUS GOODS.
Air Transport	: Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON- DANGEROUS GOODS.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations

APVMA Number	: 81545
Poison Schedule	: None
AICIS	: Listing in the AICS is not required for products regulated by the APVMA.

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Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

Date of issue	: 10/04/2025
Version	: 001
Reason(s) for issue	: First issue.
Literature References	: See respective sections for information
Abbreviations	: ADG Code - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition) AICIS – Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (formerly NICNAS) AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals APVMA – Agricultural Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Australia ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor BLV - Biological limit value BOD - Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) CAS No. - Chemical Abstract Service number COD - Chemical oxygen demand (COD) EC50 - Median effective concentration GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (7th revised edition) 2017 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50 - Median lethal concentration LD50 - Median lethal dose LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC - No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration N.O.S. - Not Otherwise Specified Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (June 2023) RCC - RCC Laboratories India Private Limited RRL - Rotam Research Laboratory STEL - Short term exposure limit means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day. SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons SWA - Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC ThOD - Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD) TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TGA – Therapeutic Goods Australia TWA - Time-weighted average means the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week. VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds WHS – Workplace Health and Safety

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product