CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 250 g/L MCPA PRESENT AS THE ETHYL HEXYL ESTER, 25 g/L DIFLUEENICAN SOLVENTS: 325 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS, 150 g/L N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE



For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals and clover as specified in the Directions for Use table. IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET/BOOKLET BEFORE USE

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Directions for Use Restraints:

DO NOT apply to crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to crops under stress due to disease or insect damage.

DO NOT apply to frost affected crops or if frosts are imminent.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STAGE OF WEED GROWTH	STATE	RATE /HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CEREALS	Wild Radish	Up to the 2 leaf stage and	WA only	250 mL	CROP STAGE
Wheat, Barley, Oats,		not more than 60 mm in			Cereals
Friticale, Cereal Rye including cereals		diameter	All Ctatas	F00 I	Up to 750 mL (3 leaf to late tillering stage - Z13 to 30)
undersown with		Up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in	All States	500 mL	Over 750 mL (5 leaf to late tillering stage - Z15 to 30) Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 3-5 leaf
clover)		diameter			crop stage (generally 4-8 weeks post sowing).
		Up to the 6 leaf stage and		750 mL	WA only:
PASTURE		not more than 150 mm in			DO NOT apply to Barley or Kulin Wheat before the 5 leaf
Newly Sown and		diameter			stage (Z15).
Established Clover- based pasture, Clover		Up to the 8 leaf stage and		1.0 L	Warning: ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. Some varieties of oats have not
for Hay and Seed		not more than 180 mm in diameter			been tested. (Refer to 'Crop Tolerance' section of General
Production	Charlock, Hedge Mustard,	Up to the 2 leaf stage and		500 mL	Instructions).
	Indian Hedge Mustard,	not more than 60 mm in		500 ML	Application is recommended prior to the eighth trifoliate
	Shepherd's Purse, Turnip	diameter			leaf stage, however, applications prior to the third leaf
	Weed, Wild Turnip	Up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in		750 mL	stage may result in crop damage especially under stressed conditions and in sandy soils.
		diameter			DO NOT apply to Annual Medics or Lucerne.
		Up to the 6 leaf stage and		1.0 L	Warning: ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA may cause transient cro yellowing of clover, and may affect growth and seed set of
		not more than 150 mm in			some varieties of clover. (Refer to ' Crop Tolerance ' section
	London Rocket	diameter	Qld only	750 ml	of General Instructions).
	Ward's Weed	Up to the 5 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in	SA only	750 mL	WEED STAGE
	Walu S Weeu	diameter	3A UIIIy		Apply when weeds are actively growing. In most situations
	Capeweed	Up to the 2 leaf stage and	All States	500 mL	the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control. Under certain conditions such as:
		not more than 60 mm in			high crop and weed density
		diameter			• late season germinations
		Up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in		1.0 L	abnormal weed growth (including early flowering), high
		diameter			rate of product (up to the maximum rate of application
	Crassula	Up to the 2 leaf stage		500 mL	specified for that weed) may be required.
		Up to the 4 leaf stage		750 mL	ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA will not effectively control:
		, ,			• regrowth of suppressed weeds;
					 transplanted weeds; regrowth from rhizomes or roots;
					weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide
					applications.
					GRAZING
					Efficacy on larger weeds will be improved by grazing with
					normal levels of stock after 7 day withholding period. Refer
					to 'Protection of Livestock' for grazing precautions. APPLICATION
					Activity of this product will be reduced if weeds are stressed
					Optimum results will be obtained if good soil moisture
					exists at and after application. Where crop or weed density
					is high, water volume should be increased.
					WILD RADISH
					ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA will provide residual control of Wil
					Radish for up to 4 weeks after application. Effective residua activity of this product may be reduced where:
					• rates lower than 1.0 L/ha are used;
					 dry conditions prevail;
					 poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved;
					 crop is planted in non-wetting sand;
					soils contain a high content of organic matter.
					Optimum results will be obtained if good soil moisture
					exists at and after application

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STAGE OF WEED GROWTH	STATE	RATE /HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CEREALS	Prickly Lettuce	Up to the 2 leaf stage	All States	500 mL	Refer to critical comments in the previous section.
Wheat, Barley, Oats,		Up to the 4 leaf stage		750 mL	
Triticale, Cereal Rye (including cereals undersown with clover)		Up to the 6 leaf stage		1.0 L	
	Dense-flower Fumitory	Up to the 2 leaf stage		750 mL	
	Corn Gromwell, Saffron Thistle, Toad Rush			1.0 L	
PASTURE Newly Sown and	Deadnettle		NSW, Vic, SA only	1.0 L	
Established Clover-	Sorrel	Up to the 2 leaf stage	Vic only	1.0 L	
based pasture, Clover	Canola (Rape)	Up to the 4 leaf stage	All States	500 mL	
for Hay and Seed	Purple Goosefoot	Up to the 6 leaf stage	Qld only	500 mL	
Production	Turnip Weed Wild Turnip	Cotyledon to 2 leaf	NSW only (West of Newell Hwy.) SA only (Eyre peninsula north of the line between Venus Bay and Cowell)	350 mL	
CEREALS Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Cereal Rye	Fumitory	2 - 6 leaf stage	All States	500 mL + 200 mL terbutryn (500 g/L)	

Wheat, Barley, Oats,	runntory	2 - 0 leaf stage	All States	200 mL	
Triticale, Cereal Rye				terbutryn (500	
				g/L)	
	E FOLLOWING WEEDS			I	
CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STAGE OF WEED GROWTH	STATE	RATE /HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CEREALS Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including cereals undersown with clover) PASTURE Newly Sown and Established Clover- based pasture, Clover for Hay and Seed Production	Saffron Thistle Chickweed, Fireweed, Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot), Iceplant, Mouse-eared Chickweed, Night-scented Stock, Paterson's Curse, Peppercress, Skeleton Weed, Long Storksbill, Volunteer Lupins Wireweed (hogweed) Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle), Cowvine, Dock, Doublegee, (Spiny Emex), Fat Hen, Horehound, Hyssop Loosestrife, Marshmallow, Rough Poppy, Scarlet Pimpernel, Stemless Thistle, Tree Hogweed, Varigated	Up to the 6 leaf stage Up to the 4 leaf stage Up to the 2 leaf stage	All States	750 mL 1.0 L	Refer to critical comments in the previous section.
CEREALS Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Cereal Rye	Thistle, Vetch (Tares). Wild Radish	Up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter Up to the 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter Up to the 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter*	All States	500 mL plus 200 mL L.V.E MCPA (500 g/L) 500 mL plus 400 mL L.V.E	Refer also to all Critical Comments relating to weed stage, grazing, application and wild radish above. *Reduced efficacy (suppression only) may be achieved on wild radish larger than 8 leaf or greater than 180 mm in diameter. DO NOT use this tank-mix if cereals are undersown with lucerne or annual medics. Crop Stage ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA 350 mL + L.V.E. MCPA 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadoks Z13 to Z30). ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA 500 mL + L.V.E. MCPA 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadoks Z13 to Z30). ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA 500 mL + L.V.E. MCPA 400mL: Apply from 5 leaf stage to fully tillered (Zadoks Z15 to Z30). Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 3-5 leaf crop stage (generally 4-8 weeks post-sowing). WA only: DO NOT apply to Barley or Kulin Wheat before the 5 leaf stage (Z15). Warning: ALBAUGH TUKEN EXTRA may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. Some varieties of oats have not been tested. (Refer to 'Crop Tolerance' section of General Instructions)

W	EED	LIST

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Canola (Rape)	Brassica napus
Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula
Charlock	Sinapis arvensis
Chickweed	Stellaria media
Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle)	Sonchus oleraceaus
Corn Gromwell	Buglossoides arvense
Cowvine	Ipomoea lonchophylla
Crassula	Crassula spp.
Deadnettle	Lamium amplexicaule
Dense-flower Fumitory	Fumaria densiflora
Dock	Rumex spp.
Doublegee (Spiny Emex)	Emex australis
Fat Hen	Chenopodium album
Fireweed	Senecio spp.
Fumitory	Fumitory spp.
Hedge Mustard	Sisymbrium officinale
Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot)	Melilotus indicus
Horehound	Marrubium vulgare
Hyssop Loosestrife	Lythrum hyssopifolia
Iceplant	Mesembryanthemum spp.
Indian Hedge Mustard	Sisymbrium orientale
London Rocket	Sisymbrium irio
Long Storksbill	Erodium botrys

Marshmallow	Malva parviflora			
Mouse-eared Chickweed	Cerastium glomeratum			
Night-scented Stock	Matthiola longipetala			
Paterson's Curse	Echium plantagineum			
Peppercress	Lepidium spp.			
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola			
Purple Goosefoot	Scleroblitum atriplicinum			
Rough Poppy	Papaver hybridum			
Saffron Thistle	Carthamus lanatus			
Scarlet Pimpernel	Anagallis arvensis			
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris			
Skeleton Weed	Chondrilla juncea			
Sorrel	Rumex spp.			
Stemless Thistle	Onopordum acaulon			
Toad Rush	Juncus bufonius			
Tree Hogweed	Polygonum patulum			
Turnip Weed	Rapistrum rugosum			
Varigated Thistle	Silybum marianum			
Vetch (Tares)	Vicia sativa			
Volunteer Lupins	Lupinus spp.			
Ward's Weed	Carrichtera annua			
Wild Radish	Raphanus raphanistrum			
Wild Turnip	Brassica tournefortii			
Wireweed (Hogweed)	Polygonum aviculare			

Observe instructions also on L.V.E. MCPA product label.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

Withholding Periods:

CROP HARVEST: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

ALL CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Tolerance

Some pre-emergence herbicides, such as atrazine, can cause stress to certain crops resulting in an increase in crop damage when using this product. Sub-clover is particularly sensitive.

Cereals

After application some transient crop vellowing may occur. This usually appears as yellow or white banding on leaves. Provided the crop is not under stress from pre-emergent herbicide, root disease, insect damage, frost, dry or excessively moist conditions, the development of the crop and subsequent growth will be unaffected.

Warning (Oats) The tolerance of varieties Esk and Nile (the two main varieties grown in Tasmania) to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide has not been tested. Test a small area of crop before using Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide over large areas. Consult your local

Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd representative for advice on specific varieties.

Pasture The tolerance of clover varieties to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress.

Warning

Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter, particularly at rates in excess of 500 mL/ha and in areas of double spray. For this reason application is recommended prior to the 8th trifoliate leaf stage. However, at the lower rates (500 mL/ha and less) and under normal growing conditions, subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected.

Under normal growing conditions, the following varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha: Arrow Leaf: Zulu Balansa: Paradana

Berseem: Sacromonte Persian: Kyambro, Lupers, Maral

White: Haifa

Subterranean Clover: Daliak, Dalkeith, Denmark, Esperance, Geraldton, Goulburn, Karridale, Larissa, Leura, Mt. Barker, Nungarin, Rosedale, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup. The effects of Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide on clover seed yield have been tested on the following varieties. Under normal growing conditions they show levels of tolerance to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha.

Subterranean Clover: Esperance, Goulburn, Larissa, Seaton Park and Trikkala

Warning

Rose and Strawberry clover have shown increased sensitivity to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide. Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide may affect the seed of yield of subterranean variety Woogenellup. Some pasture grasses, including Phalaris and Cocksfoot, may show some initial reduction in vegetative growth after application of Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide. Care should be exercised if sensitive clover varieties or grasses are included in the pasture sward. Varieties not listed should be tested before using Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide over large areas. Consult your local Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd representative for advice on specific varieties.

Subsequent Crops

To reduce effect on susceptible crops (e.g. canola), ensure thorough cultivation of soil prior to the sowing of these crops

Mixing

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly then add the remainder of the water. Agitate again before spraying commences. Reseal part-used product container immediately after use.

Spray mixtures containing Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide should not be left to stand overnight. Prolonged periods of exposure to cold temperature could result in settling out of the product in the mixture

Warning

The rubber components present in some spraying units may be affected by exposure to the solvents in Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide and some other agricultural products. To reduce the risk it is recommended that the spray unit be thoroughly washed with a boom cleaner and fresh water after use. Contact the spray unit manufacturer to determine the suitability of the rubber components for use with agricultural products.

APPLICATION

Boom Sprayer

A minimum of 50 L of water per hectare should be used, however, for optimum results water rates of 70-100 L/ha are recommended. Increase the water volume if weed infestation is heavy or crop cover is dense. Complete coverage of weeds is essential.

Selective Herbicide

Aircraft (NSW, Vic, SA only)

Apply in a minimum of 30 L water per hectare. Effective control will only be achieved where good coverage of leaf surface is achieved.

Warning: DO NOT use crop oils with Albaugh Tuken Extra or Albaugh Tuken Extra mixtures with other products in cereals. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 4 12 HERBICIDE

Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide is a member of the phenoxy and nicotinanalide groups of herbicides and acts by inhibiting carotenoid biosynthesis and disrupting plant cell growth. For weed resistance management Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide is both a Group 4 and a Group 12 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide and other Group 4 and Group 12 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide or other Group 4 or Group 12 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Albaugh Tuken Extra Herbicide to control resistant weeds

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Grazing Precaution

Sprayed weeds may become more palatable to stock and a higher intake of some weeds may result in stock poisoning and death from causes such as nitrate poisoning. Care should be taken especially where capeweed, Paterson's curse and variegated thistles predominate in the pasture. Avoid grazing with young or breading stock. Do not graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse. If in doubt, contact your nearest Department of Agriculture

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or (preferably) pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers

For refillable containers (110 L and 1000 L): Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If in eyes wash out immediately with water.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier and accessible from the Albaugh website albaugh.com/au

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, SALE AND USE

Many factors can affect or influence the activity of this product, including, but not limited to: weather and soil conditions, crop variety, treatment timing, water volume, application rates, spraying techniques, crop rotation, regional factors, and the occurrence and development of strains resistant to the active ingredient. Under certain circumstances, changes in activity or crop damage can occur. The manufacturer or supplier is unable to accept liability in these circumstances. All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for the purpose for which we expressly supply them: but we cannot exercise any control over their mixing, use or application which may affect the performance of the goods. All conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application, or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff, agents, or the re-sellers of the product whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

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