

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 680 g/L 2,4-D PRESENT AS THE 2-ETHYLHEXYL ESTER

GROUP

4

HERBICIDE

A specially formulated low volatile herbicide for selective control of various weeds in crops, pastures and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use table. This is a PHENOXY HERBICIDE that can cause severe damage to native vegetation and susceptible crops such as cotton, grapes, tomatoes, oilseed crops and ornamentals. IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET/BOOKLET BEFORE USE.

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SELECTIVE
HERBICIDE

ALBAUGH[®]
your alternative

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
RESTRAINTS
GENERAL RESTRAINTS
AVOID spraying if rain is likely within 6 hours.
DO NOT exceed maximum application rate of 6.6 L/ha (4500 g ae/ha).
DO NOT exceed the maximum daily application rate by backpack spraying of 5.9 L/day.
DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.
DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application.
DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.
Additional USAGE restrictions apply in some crops, states and seasons, see restriction tables 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.
SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS
DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer.
Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift
DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from **spray drift**. The **buffer zones** in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.
DO NOT apply unless the **wind speed** is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the **application site** during the time of application.
DO NOT apply if there are **hazardous surface temperature inversion** conditions present at the **application site** during the time of application. **Surface temperature inversion conditions** exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one or two hours after sunrise.

BOOM SPRAYERS
DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:
• Spray droplets not smaller than a VERY COARSE **spray droplet size category**.
• Minimum distances between the **application site** and downwind **sensitive areas** (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Application rate (L/ha)	Boom height above the target canopy	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (distances given in metres)				
		Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
Up to 800 mL (560 g ae/ha)	0.5 m or lower	0	10	0	25	0
	1.0 m or lower		40		55	
Up to 1.7 L (1150 g ae/ha)	0.5 m or lower		30		35	
	1.0 m or lower		60		100	
Up to 2.4 L (1620 g ae/ha)	0.5 m or lower		30		45	
	1.0 m or lower		80		140	
Up to 4.7 L (3180 g ae/ha)	0.5 m or lower		50		100	
	1.0 m or lower		160		375	
Up to 6.6 L (4500 g ae/ha)	0.5 m or lower		75		150	
	1.0 m or lower		Not supported		Not supported	

AIRCRAFT
DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:
• Spray droplets not smaller than a Very Coarse **spray droplet size category**.
• For maximum release height above the target canopy of 3 metres or 25 per cent of wingspan or 25 per cent of rotor diameter, whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed.

Application rate (L/ha)	Aircraft Type	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (distances given in metres)				
		Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
Up to 820 mL (560 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing	0	120	0	170	0
	Helicopter		85		120	
Up to 1.7 L (1150 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		190		300	
	Helicopter		130		190	
Up to 2.4 L (1620 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		240		400	
	Helicopter		160		240	
Up to 4.7 L (3180 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		Not supported		Not supported	
	Helicopter		275		400	
Up to 6.6 L (4500 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		Not supported		Not supported	
	Helicopter		350		625	

Timing and Usage Restriction Tables			
Table 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts			
Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS
Broadcast spraying, prior to sowing (peanuts)	Up to 1.3 L/ha	Cape York	October and November
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December
		Mary/Burnett	October to November
		SE Queensland	August to May
	Up to 1.6 L/ha	Cape York	October and November
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	September to November
		SE Queensland	Use not supported
Band spraying, post-sowing pre-emergence (peanuts)	Up to 1.6 L/ha	Queensland Dryland	No timing restrictions
		Cape York	No timing restrictions
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	No timing restrictions
		Mackay/Whitsunday	No timing restrictions
		Mary/Burnett	No timing restrictions
		SE Queensland	October to January
Broadcast spray, post-sowing pre-emergence (peanuts)	Up to 3.3 L/ha	Queensland Dryland	June to August
		Cape York	October and November
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	October and November
		Burdekin	September and October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	April to January
		SE Queensland	Use not supported

Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures					
DO NOT apply above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR label rate, whichever is LOWEST					
Situation	State	Summer	Autumn	Winter	Spring
Pastures (prior to sowing, conservation tillage)	Queensland & NT	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
	New South Wales & ACT	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
	Victoria	0.5	1.5	4.7	1.5
	Tasmania	0.5	1.1	3.3	1.5
	South Australia	1.1	1.5	4.7	3.3
	Western Australia	1.5	3.3	4.7	3.3
Pastures (established)	Queensland & NT	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
	New South Wales & ACT	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
	Victoria	0.9	1.8	6.6	3.3
	Tasmania	0.6	1.5	4.7	2.9
	South Australia	1.3	2.9	6.6	4.7
	Western Australia	3.3	4.7	6.6	4.7

Table 3: Timing restrictions for spraying SUGARCANE			
Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS
Sugarcane	Up to 1.2 L/ha	All	No timing restriction
	Up to 2.4 L/ha	Wet Tropics	No timing restriction
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December
		Mary/Burnett	August to December and April to May
		Northern NSW	No timing restriction

Table 4: Application restrictions for TURF		
DO NOT apply above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR label rate, whichever is LOWEST		
Situation	State	Rate (L/ha)
Turf	Queensland & NT	2.9
	New South Wales & ACT	2.9
	Victoria	2.3
	Tasmania	2.3
	South Australia	2.3
	Western Australia	3.7

If applying to golf courses in Tasmania, DO NOT apply to fairways adjacent to natural water bodies.	
Table 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses	
Situation	Risk mitigation measures
Dryland cropping, Preparatory spray	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)
Winter cereals, pre-emergence uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia)
Summer cereals, pre-emergence uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE FIELD CROPS				
Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley	Refer Weed Table	VIC only	210 - 800 mL	CROP STAGES: ALL CEREALS Variations between varieties do occur. Check sensitivity and growth stages of varieties before applying. Damage may result if applied too early. VIC Only: Apply at tillered to boot stages. NSW, ACT only: Apply after when the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller. QLD only: Apply from mid-tillering (5 to 6 fully emerged main stem leaves plus one or more tillers) to before the boot stage (visible swelling of the head at the top of the main stem). SA, TAS only: Apply from completion of tillering to early jointing stage. WA only: Apply from 5 leaf stage up to jointing stage (Zadoks 15- 33). Apply only at 6 leaf stage for Cranbrook and Jacup wheats (Z16) to avoid possible damage.
		SA only	230 - 800 mL	
		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800 mL	
		TAS only	620 - 800 mL	
		WA only	800 mL	
Triticale		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800 mL	
		SA only	240 - 820 mL	
		VIC only	210 - 800 mL	
		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410-800 mL	
Cereal Rye				
		VIC only	210 - 800 mL	
Sugar Cane				
		QLD only	1.15 - 2.4 L	
Stubble/Fallow Spray prior to Direct Drilling or Sowing Winter Cereals, Grain Legumes (Peanuts QLD only), Canola		All States	210 - 800 mL	Observe the plant back periods given in the table in this leaflet. Must be tank mixed with a knockdown herbicide such as Glyphosate 450, Paraquat 250 or Paraquat/Diquat. Select appropriate rate from the weed table. For Skeleton Weed, spraying should only be done 6 - 8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts and Table 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses.
Harvest Aid or Salvage Spray	Broadleaf Weeds	All States	1.7 L	Apply after dough stage of crop. Interval between application and effectiveness is 10 - 20 days. For desiccation of green matter, estimate harvest date and apply spray approximately 14 days earlier. Rain between spraying and actual harvest can negate results.
Winter Cereals	Refer to Weed Table			N.B. Where thistles are tall and branching above the crop, spraying can turn the branches down into the crop, presenting more stalks to cause header comb blockages. Spraying may increase seed contamination or harvest by accelerating maturity. Do not use with undersown legumes that have not set seed.
Potatoes Pre-Harvest Preparation	Broadleaf Weeds such as Clover, Variegated Thistle and Cruciferous Weeds	VIC, TAS only	1.15 – 2.4 L	Apply approximately 4 to 5 weeks before harvest after the potato halums have dried off. Use the highest rate where weeds are more than 30 cm in height. For boom spraying, apply at least 100 litres of spray mixture per hectare. If grass such as Rye Grass and Winter Grass are also present, add Amitrole T-Herbicide.

PASTURES, NON-AGRICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL					
Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments	
Improved Pasture containing Clovers	Refer to Weed Table	NSW, SA, Tas, ACT, Qld only	410 - 800 mL	Clover must be well covered by the grass or extensive damage may result. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.	
Pastures – non legumes, Rights of Way, Industrial		Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA only	800 mL - 4.7 L	Control of most perennial weeds, but due to the rooting habits of most species, control may take a number of years. Damage may result to legumes in pasture. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.	
		Vic only	800 mL - 6.5 L	Boom spray. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.	
			70 - 620 mL/100 L	Spot spraying. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.	
Pastures - Direct Drilling or Surface Sowing	Charlock, Clover, Medics, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Saffron, Slender, Variegated and Spear Thistles, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip As above plus: Capeweed, Wireweed, Storksbill/Erodium, Flatweed, Horehound (seedlings), Skeleton Weed, Nodding or Star Thistles. St John's Wort All of the above plus grasses.	NSW, Qld, ACT, Vic, WA, Tas, SA only	800 mL to 1.5 L (Aerial Application) 800 mL to 1.15 L (Ground Application) 3.3 to 4.7 L (Aerial or Ground) As above plus 2,2-DPA Sodium Salt or Glyphosate 450 L	Apply to young, actively growing weeds. SOWING: Do not sow pasture seed for at least 21 days after application. If soil moisture is dry, delay sowing for at least 30 days. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.	

SPOT SPRAYING				
Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments
Spot Spraying (All Situations)	Refer to Weed Table	All States	1/100th of rate on Weed Table per 10 L water per 100 m ²	Apply through Knapsack. Thorough wetting of weed is essential.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.
Other Limitations:
IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15TH APRIL TO 15TH SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES
WITHHOLDING PERIOD:
PASTURES, CEREAL CROPS - DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
HARVEST WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

WEED TABLE
NOTE: Where weeds are to be sprayed in a CROP or PASTURE, use only the rates given for the crop in the table below. In most cases this will give control, however some hard to kill weeds or those in advanced stages of growth may only be suppressed e.g., *Rumex* spp (Dock)s and *Polygonum* spp (Wireweed, Climbing Buckwheat) are killed to ground level only.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	CROP						PASTURE - NON-LEGUME		CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only	
Amaranthus spp				800 mL					
Angled Onion							3.3 L	0.8 - 1.7 L	Spray when buds forming or early flowering
Apple of Sodom								2.9 - 3.3 L	
Bathurst Burr				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Black Knapweed							3.3 L		Spray before flowering. DO NOT cultivate these infestations.
Buffalo Burr								800 mL - 1.15 L (not Qld & WA)	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
California Burr				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.15 to 1.7 L (not SA)	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Caltrop				620 - 800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L		Spray from seedling to pre- flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Cape Tulip						1.15 L	3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray before flowering.
Capeweed	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	530 - 800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Charlock	410 mL	410 mL	800 mL	410 mL				800 mL	Spray up to rosette stage.
Clover				620 - 800 mL				800 mL	
Colocynth							3.3 L		Spray at seedling stage only.
Deadnettle				800 mL					
Devil's Claw				800 mL			1.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L (not SA)	Spray prior to pods forming
Dock	800 mL	800 mL			800 mL	800 mL		1.7 - 2.5 L	Spray at rosette stage to kill top growth only.
Fat hen				410 - 800 mL					
Flatweed				800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L	
Fumitory Red		800 mL		800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Fumitory White	800 mL	410 mL		800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Galvanised Burr							4.7 L	4.7 L (not Qld and WA)	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering
Goosefoots				800 mL					
Hard Head or Russian Knapweed							3.3 - 5.2 L		Spray before flowering.
Hogweed/Wireweed	800 mL	800 mL		800 mL	800 mL			1.15 - 1.7 L (not SA)	Spray up to rosette stage.
Horary Cress/ Whiteweed		800 mL	800 mL	800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.7 - 2.1 L	Spray from late rosette to pre- flowering.
Horehound (seedlings)		800 mL				840 mL		1.7 - 3.3 L	Late Autumn to early Spring.
Ironweed, Corn Gromwell				800 mL				1.15 - 1.7 L	
Khaki Weed								800 mL to 1.15 L (not SA)	Spray young seedlings only.
Lincoln Weed		800 mL							Autumn spray before sowing improves control
London Rocket						570 mL		1.6 - 2.5 L (WA only)	
Lupins	800 mL			410 - 800 mL					Spray up to rosette stage.
Melilotus/Hexham Scent	800 mL	800 mL			800 mL			1.15 to 1.7 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Melons, camel, paddy				410 - 800 mL					
Mustards	330 mL	230 - 800 mL	800 mL	410 - 900 mL	620 mL	620 mL	3.3 L	1.7 - 2.5 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Mexican Poppy		2.3 - 3.5 L		800 mL		840 mL		800 mL - 1.15 L (1.1 - 1.5 L WA only)	Spray rosette stage and before flowering.
Mintweed				800 mL	620 mL			800 mL to 1.15 L	Spray active seedlings only.
Muskweed	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage.
New Zealand Spinach				800 mL					
Noogoora Burr				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray seedling to pre-flowering.
Nut Grass							3.3 - 5.2 L		Spray within 4 weeks of foliage emergence, repeat spray when necessary
Paterson's Curse				800 mL		840 mL	1.7 - 3.3 L	800 mL - 1.15 L (1.15 - 1.5 L WA only)	Spray seedling to rosette stage.
Poppy Wild	410 mL							2.1 - 2.9 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Ragwort							3.3 L	3.3 L	Spray at rosette to cabbage stage.
Rapeseed	800 mL			410 - 800 mL					Spray up to rosette stage.
Rapistrum						570 mL		840 mL (WA only)	
Rough Poppy		410 mL		410 - 800 mL				800 mL	Spray young seedlings only.
St John's Wort							3.3 - 5.2 L	3.3 - 4.7 L	Spray before flowering. Spray before plants are 40 cm.
Safflower				410 - 800 mL					
Sand Mustard/ Sand Rocket							3.3 L		Spray before flowering.
Shepherd's Purse				800 mL					
Silver Leaf Nightshade							3.3 L		Spray at flowering. Fallow land: controls top growth only.
Skeleton Weed		800 mL		800 mL			3.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	CROP						PASTURE - NON-LEGUME		CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only	
Stingless Nettle		800 mL	800 mL					2.1 to 2.5 L	
Stinging Nettle	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage
Stinkwort				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray younger plants, use high rates as plant matures.
Storksbill/Erodium				800 mL					
Sunflower (seedlings)	800 mL			410 - 800 mL	620 mL				Spray multiple leaves
Thistle									
Golden							3.3 L	3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage
Nodding							3.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L	Spray rosette to pre-flowering.
Saffron	620 mL	800 mL		410 - 800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL - 1.7 L	800 mL - 2.5 L	Spray up to rosette stage
Sheep						840 mL		840 mL - 3.3 L (WA only)	
Slender, Shore			800 mL	800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	800 mL - 3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage.
Soldier							3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage.
Spear	800 mL		800 mL				800 mL - 2.5 L	1.15 L - 2.1 L	Spray at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plant matures (pastures).
Stemless							3.3 L	2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray rosette stage to flowering.
St Barnaby's								1.15 - 1.7 L	
Star	1.7 - 3.3 L		800 mL				1.7 - 3.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L	Spray seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Thistle									
Variegated			800 mL	410 - 800 mL	620 mL		800 mL to 2.5 L	800 mL to 3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage. Can cause stock poisoning.
Thornapple		3.5 L		410 - 800 mL			3.3 L	800 mL to 1.7 L	Spray at seedling stage.
Tree Hogweed	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage.
Turnip Weed		410 mL		410 - 800 mL	410 mL	620 mL		800 mL	Spray seedlings only.
Vetches/Tares	800 mL	620 mL	800 mL						
Wards Weed		410 mL							Spray at seedling stage.
Wild Cabbage	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild Garlic Only							6.6 L		Suppresses aerial growth only.
Wild Mignonette					840 mL		3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage.
Wild Mustard					570 mL			1.6 - 2.5 L (WA only)	
Wild Radish	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	410 - 800 mL	800 mL	570 mL		800 mL (840 mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage
Wild Sage								2.5 - 3.3 L	
Wild Teasel							1.7 - 3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature.
Wild Turnip	210 mL	230 mL	800 mL	410 - 800 mL		400 mL		800 mL (840 mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage

PLANT BACK DAYS FOR ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC HERBICIDE:

Crop / Rates	Up to 510 mL/ha	510 mL - 1 L/ha	1 - 1.6 L/ha
Balansa Clover	7	7	10
Barley %	1	1	3
Chickpeas #	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba Beans	7	7	10
Field Peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins +	7	14	21
Medic	7	7	10
Narbon Beans	7	7	10
Navy beans	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian Clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Canola/Rapeseed #	14	21	28
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower #	7	14	21
Sorghum @	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub-Clover	7	7	10
Sunflower @	7	10	14
Triticale %	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat %	1	3	7
White Clover	7	7	10

IMPORTANT

WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15 mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

Notes:

% In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for Wheat, Barley, and Triticale.

In Queensland, planting of Canola/Rapeseed, Chickpeas and Safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at least 15 mm.

@ In Central Queensland and when using 730 mL/ha or less of ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC HERBICIDE, the plant back period for Sorghum and Sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.

+ In WA the plant back period for Lupins at all rates is 28 days.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

This product may be used in either high or low volume sprays. Just pour into water and stir.

BOOM SPRAYING - Use 30-100 Litres water/ha.

AERIAL SPRAYING - Use 20-90 Litres water/ha

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Keep the spray unit for herbicides only if possible. Otherwise wash out the unit with hot soapy water followed by several clear water rinses. DO NOT use wooden spray vats as they cannot be cleaned. Hoses cannot be cleaned and new hoses should be fitted when the unit is to be used for any other purpose.

TANK MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- Fill the spray tank ¼ full with water and agitate.
- Add wettable powders and water dispersible granules first.
- Agitate until these are uniformly dispersed, whilst adding water until the tank is 90% full.
- Add suspension concentrates (flowables), then soluble concentrates. Add emulsifiable concentrates last.
- Top up the tank with water and continue agitation until all the ingredients are properly mixed.
- Observe any mixing instructions specifically stated on the tank mix products.

RESISTANCE WEEDS WARNING

GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide is a member of the Phenoxys group of herbicides. ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide has the Disruptors of Plant Cell Growth mode of action. For weed resistant management ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide is a Group 4 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide and other Group 4 Herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide or and other Group 4 Herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, ALBAUGH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PRECAUTIONS

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT hand harvest sugar cane for at least 1 day after application. If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbow-length gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS:

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in “Critical Comments” as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result.

Legume Tolerance: If clovers are present, care should be taken to ensure that they have reached the 3 - 4 leaf stage before spraying. Rates above 410 mL of this product per hectare will destroy most clovers, whilst lucerne and medics are susceptible at any strength.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT:

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Toxic to beneficial arthropods. Not compatible with integrated pest management (IPM) programs utilising beneficial arthropods. Minimise spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in non-crop areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

110 L Mini Bulk Returnable Container Store the original sealed container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the container with water or any foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the container have been used, please return the empty container to the point of purchase.

Refillable Containers Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing spray or using undiluted concentrate, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves, goggles and half face piece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves. If applying by hand wear half face piece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles, respirator (and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water) and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier and accessible from the Albaugh website albaugh.com/au

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, SALE AND USE

Many factors can affect or influence the activity of this product, including, but not limited to: weather and soil conditions, crop variety, treatment timing, water volume, application rates, spraying techniques, crop rotation, regional factors, and the occurrence and development of strains resistant to the active ingredient. Under certain circumstances, changes in activity or crop damage can occur. The manufacturer or supplier is unable to accept liability in these circumstances. All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for the purpose for which we expressly supply them: but we cannot exercise any control over their mixing, use or application which may affect the performance of the goods. All conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application, or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff, agents, or the re-sellers of the product whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

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