KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

# **ALBAUGH SPERTO** 680 EC HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 680 g/L 2,4-D PRESENT AS THE 2-ETHYLHEXYL ESTER



A specially formulated low volatile herbicide for selective control of various weeds in crops, pastures and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use table. This is a PHENOXY HERBICIDE that can cause severe damage to native vegetation and susceptible crops such as cotton, grapes, tomatoes, oilseed crops and ornamentals. IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET/BOOKLET BEFORE USE.

ALBAUGH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Level 1, 530 Little Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia Tel 03 9909 7183 www.albaugh.com/au





**DIRECTIONS FOR USE** RESTRAINTS

**GENERAL RESTRAINTS** 

AVOID spraying if rain is likely within 6 hours.

DO NOT exceed maximum application rate of 6.6 L/ha (4500 g ae/ha).

**DO NOT** exceed the maximum daily application rate by backpack spraying of 5.9 L/day.

**DO NOT** apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

**DO NOT** irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application.

**DO NOT** apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

 $Additional\ USAGE\ restrictions\ apply\ in\ some\ crops, states\ and\ seasons, see\ restriction\ tables\ 1,\ 2,\ 3,\ 4\ and\ 5.$ 

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

**DO NOT** apply by a vertical sprayer.

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

**DO NOT** allow **bystanders** to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

**DO NOT** apply unless the **wind speed** is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the **application site** during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one or two hours after sunrise. BOOM SPRAYERS

**DO NOT** apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

• Spray droplets not smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category.

• Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Application rate (/ha)	Boom height above	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (distances given in metres)							
	the target canopy	Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas			
Up to 800 mL	0.5 m or lower	0	10	0	25	0			
560 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		40		55				
Jp to 1.7 L	0.5 m or lower		30		35				
(1150 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		60		100				
Up to 2.4 L	0.5 m or lower		30		45				
1620 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		80		140				
Jp to 4.7 L	0.5 m or lower		50		100				
3180 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		160		375				
Jp to 6.6 L	0.5 m or lower		75		150				
4500 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		Not supported		Not supported				

- DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:
- Spray droplets not smaller than a Very Coarse spray droplet size category.
   For maximum release height above the target canopy of 3 metres or 25 per cent of wingspan or 25 per cent of rotor diameter, whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed.

Buffer Zones for Aircraft Application rate (/ha)	Aircraft Type	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (distances given in metres)							
rippireation rate (/iia)	7.11.61.61.7.7.70	Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas		Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas			
Up to 820 mL	Fixed Wing	0	120	0	170	0			
(560 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		85		120				
Up to 1.7 L	Fixed Wing		190		300				
(1150 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		130		190				
Up to 2.4 L	Fixed Wing		240		400				
(1620 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		160		240				
Up to 4.7 L	Fixed Wing		Not supported		Not supported				
(3180 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		275		400				
Up to 6.6 L	Fixed Wing		Not supported		Not supported				
(4500 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		350		625				

**Timing and Usage Restriction Tables** 

Table 1: Timing restrictions for sprayir	ng peanuts		
Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS
Broadcast spraying, prior to sowing	Up to 1.3 L/ha	Cape York	October and November
peanuts)		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December
		Mary/Burnett	October to November
		SE Queensland	August to May
	Up to 1.6 L/ha	Cape York	October and November
	'	Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	September to November
		SE Queensland	Use not supported
Band spraying, post-sowing	Up to 1.6 L/ha	Queensland Dryland	No timing restrictions
pre-emergence (peanuts)		Cape York	No timing restrictions
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	No timing restrictions
		Mackay/Whitsunday	No timing restrictions
		Mary/Burnett	No timing restrictions
		SE Queensland	October to January
		02 200000000	
Broadcast spray, post-sowing	Up to 3.3 L/ha	Queensland Dryland	June to August
ore-emergence (peanuts)	9 10 010 21.11	Cape York	October and November
		Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	October and December
		Burdekin	September and October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	April to January
		SE Queensland	Use not supported
Table 2: Application and timing vector		<u> </u>	ose not supported

Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures

Situation	State	e Summer		Winter	Spring	
Pastures (prior to sowing,	Queensland & NT	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	
conservation tillage)	New South Wales & ACT	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	
	Victoria	0.5	1.5	4.7	1.5	
	Tasmania	0.5	1.1	3.3	1.5	
	South Australia	1.1	1.5	4.7	3.3	
	Western Australia	1.5	3.3	4.7	3.3	
Pastures (established)	Queensland & NT	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	
	New South Wales & ACT	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	
	Victoria	0.9	1.8	6.6	3.3	
	Tasmania	0.6	1.5	4.7	2.9	
	South Australia	1.3	2.9	6.6	4.7	
	Western Australia	3.3	4.7	6.6	4.7	

Table 3: Timing restrictions for spraying SUGARCANE

Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS
Sugarcane	Up to 1.2 L/ha	All	No timing restriction
	Up to 2.4 L/ha	Wet Tropics Burdekin	No timing restriction October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December
		Mary/Burnekin	August to December and April to May
		Northern NSW	No timing restriction

Table 4: Application restrictions for TURF

DO NOI apply above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR label rate, whichever is LOWESI								
Situation	State	Rate (L/ha)						
Turf	Queensland & NT	2.9						
	New South Wales & ACT	2.9						
	Victoria	2.3						
	Tasmania	2.3						
	South Australia	2.3						
	Western Australia	3.7						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2.3 3.7						

If applying to golf courses in Tasmania, DO NOT apply to fairways adjacent to natural water bodies

applying to gen to allow in latinary 2 of the latinary and adjusted to the latinary and allowed to the latinar						
Table 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses						
Situation	Risk mitigation measures					
Dryland cropping, Preparatory spray	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)					
Winter cereals, preemergence use	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia)					
Summer cereals, preemergent uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)					

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Cereals, Grain Legumes (Peanuts QLD only),

Harvest Aid or Salvage

Winter Cereals

**Broadleaf Weeds** 

Refer to Weed Table

All States

Canola

Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley	Refer Weed Table	VIC only	210 - 800 mL	CROP STAGES: ALL CEREALS
Timout, Burroy		SA only	230 - 800 mL	Variations between varieties do occur. Check sensitivity and growth stages
		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800 mL	of varieties before applying. Damage may result if applied too early.
		TAS only	620 - 800 mL	
		WA only	800 mL	VIC Only: Apply at tillered to boot stages.
Triticale		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800 mL	NSW, ACT only: Apply after when the first node can be felt at the base of a
Cereal Rye		SA only	240 - 820 mL	tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller.
		VIC only	210 - 800 mL	QLD only: Apply from mid-tillering (5 to 6 fully emerged main stem leave plus one or more tillers) to before the boot stage (visible swelling of the
		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410-800 mL	head at the top of the main stem).
				<b>SA, TAS only:</b> Apply from completion of tillering to early jointing stage.
		VIC only	210 - 800 mL	WA only: Apply from 5 leaf stage up to jointing stage (Zadoks 15-33). Apply only at 6 leaf stage for Cranbrook and Jacup wheats (Z16) to avoid possible damage.
Sugar Cane		QLD only	1.15 - 2.4 L	<b>Post -emergence. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY.</b> See Table 3: Timing restrictions for spraying sugarcane.
Stubble/Fallow Spray prior to Direct Drilling or Sowing Winter		All States	210 - 800 mL	Observe the plant back periods given in the table in this leaflet. Must be tank mixed with a knockdown herbicide such as Glyphosate 450, Paraqua 250 or Paraquat/Diquat. Select appropriate rate from the weed table.

For Skeleton Weed, spraying should only be done 6 - 8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum

**USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY**. See Table 1: Timing restrictions for spraying

peanuts and Table 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping,

Apply after dough stage of crop. Interval between application and effectiveness is 10 - 20 days. For desiccation of green matter, estimate harvest date and apply spray approximately 14 days earlier. Rain between

spraying and actual harvest can negate results.

pre-emergent uses.

				N.B. Where thistles are tall and branching above the crop, spraying can turn the branches down into the crop, presenting more stalks to cause header comb blockages. Spraying may increase seed contamination or harvest by accelerating maturity.  Do not use with undersown legumes that have not set seed.
Potatoes Pre-Harvest Preparation	Broadleaf Weeds such as Clover, Variegated Thistle and Cruciferous Weeds	VIC, TAS only	1.15 - 2.4 L	Apply approximately 4 to 5 weeks before harvest after the potato halums have dried off. Use the highest rate where weeds are more than 30 cm in height. For boom spraying, apply at least 100 litres of spray mixture per hectare. If grass such as Rye Grass and Winter Grass are also present, add Amitrole T-Herbicide.
PASTURES, NON-AGRICUL	TURAL, INDUSTRIAL			
Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments
Improved Pasture containing Clovers	Refer to Weed Table	NSW, SA, Tas, ACT, Qld only	410 - 800 mL	Clover must be well covered by the grass or extensive damage may result. <b>USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY.</b> See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.
Pastures – non legumes, Rights of Way, Industrial		Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA only	800 mL - 4.7 L	Control of most perennial weeds, but due to the rooting habits of most species, control may take a number of years. Damage may result to legumes in pasture.  USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.
		Vic only	800 mL - 6.5 L	Boom spray. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.
			70 - 620 mL/100 L	Spot spraying. USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.
Pastures - Direct Drilling or Surface Sowing	Charlock, Clover, Medics, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Saffron, Slender, Variegated and Spear Thistles, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip	NSW, Qld, ACT, Vic, WA, Tas, SA only	800 mL to 1.5 L (Aerial Application)	Apply to young, actively growing weeds.  SOWING: Do not sow pasture seed for at least 21 days after application. If soil moisture is dry, delay sowing for at least 30 days.  USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Table 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures.
	As above plus: Capeweed, Wireweed, Storksbill/Erodium, Flatweed, Horehound (seedlings), Skeleton Weed, Nodding or Star Thirthes		800 mL to 1.15 L (Ground Application)	

SPOT SPRAYING				
Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate / ha	Critical Comments
Spot Spraying	Refer to Weed Table	All States	1/100th of rate on	Apply through Knapsack. Thorough wetting of weed is essential.
(All Situations)			Weed Table per 10 L	
· ·			water per 100 m <sup>2</sup>	

3.3 to 4.7 L

(Aerial or Ground)

As above plus 2,2-

DPA Sodium Salt or Glyphosate 450 L

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION. Other Limitations

IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15TH APRIL TO 15TH SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

PASTURES, CEREAL CROPS - DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. HARVEST WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

St John's Wort

grasses.

All of the above plus

### WEED TABLE

NOTE: Where weeds are to be sprayed in a CROP or PASTURE, use only the rates given for the crop in the table below. In most cases this will give control, however some hard

ground level only. WEEDS		CROP						- NON-LEGUME	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
CONTROLLED	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only		
Amaranthus spp				800 mL			221	0.0.171	C	
Angled Onion							3.3 L	0.8 - 1.7 L	Spray when buds forming or early flowering	
Apple of Sodom								2.9 - 3.3 L		
Bathurst Burr Black Knapweed				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L 3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures. Spray before flowering. DO NOT	
Buffalo Burr								800 mL - 1.15 L	cultivate these infestations.  Spray from seedling to pre- flowering.	
California Burr				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	(not Qld & WA) 1.15 to 1.7 L(not	Use higher rate as plant matures.  Spray from seedling to pre-flowering.	
Caltrop				620 - 800			1.7 - 3.3 L	SA)	Use higher rate as plant matures.  Spray from seedling to pre- flowering.	
				mL		4.45.1		47.001	Use higher rate as plant matures.	
Cape Tulip Capeweed	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	530 - 800		1.15 L	3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L 2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray before flowering. Spray up to rosette stage.	
				mL				200		
<u>Charlock</u> Clover	410 mL	410 mL	800 mL	410 mL 620 - 800				800 mL 800 mL	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Calagrath				mL			221		Caray at an adding atoms and	
Colocynth Deadnettle				800 mL			3.3 L		Spray at seedling stage only.	
Devil's Claw				800 mL			1.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L (not SA)	Spray prior to pods forming	
Dock	800 mL	800 mL			800 mL	800 mL		1.7 - 2.5 L	Spray at rosette stage to kill top growth	
Fat hen				410 - 800					only.	
Flatweed				mL 800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L		
Fumitory Red		800 mL		800 mL				2.5 - 3.3 L 2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Fumitory White	800 mL	410 mL		800 mL			4.71	2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Galvanised Burr							4.7 L	4.7 L (not Qld and WA)	Spray from seedling to pre- flowering	
Goosefoots Hard Head or				800 mL			3.3 - 5.2 L		Spray before flowering.	
Russian Knapweed Hogweed/Wireweed	800 mL	800 mL		800 mL	800 mL			1.15 - 1.7 L(not	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Horary Cress/		800 mL	800 mL	800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	SA) 1.7 - 2.1 L	Spray from late rosette to pre-	
Whiteweed Horehound		800 mL				840 mL		1.7 - 3.3 L	flowering.  Late Autumn to early Spring.	
(seedlings)				000 1						
Ironweed, Corn Gromwell				800 mL				1.15 - 1.7 L	C III	
Khaki Weed								800 mL to 1.15 L (not SA)	Spray young seedlings only.	
Lincoln Weed		800 mL							Autumn spray before sowing improves control	
London Rocket						570 mL		1.6 - 2.5 L (WA only)		
Lupins	800 mL			410 - 800 mL					Spray up to rosette stage.	
Melilotus/Hexham Scent	800 mL	800 mL			800 mL			1.15 to 1.7 L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Melons, camel, paddy				410 - 800 mL						
Mustards	330 mL	230 - 800	800 mL	410 - 900	620 mL	620 mL	3.3 L	1.7 - 2.5 L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Mexican Poppy		mL 2.3 - 3.5 L		800 mL		840 mL		800 mL - 1.15 L (1.1 - 1.5 L WA only)	Spray rosette stage and before flowering.	
Mintweed				800 mL	620 mL			800 mL to 1.15 L	Spray active seedlings only.	
Muskweed New Zealand	800 mL			800 mL					Spray up to rosette stage.	
Spinach							47.221	17.221	Commence discontinuaries	
Noogoora Burr Nut Grass				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L 3.3 - 5.2 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray seedling to pre-flowering.  Spray within 4 weeks of foliage emergence, repeat spray when necessary	
Paterson's Curse				800 mL		840 mL	1.7 - 3.3 L	800 mL - 1.15 L (1.15 - 1.5 L WA only)	Spray seedling to rosette stage.	
Poppy Wild	410 mL						3.3 L	2.1 - 2.9 L 3.3 L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Ragwort Rapeseed	800 mL			410 - 800 mL			3.3 L	3.3 L	Spray at rosette to cabbage stage.  Spray up to rosette stage.	
Rapistrum Rough Poppy		410 mL		410 - 800		570 mL		840 mL (WA only) 800 mL	Spray young seedlings only.	
St John's Wort				mL			3.3 - 5.2 L	3.3 - 4.7 L	Spray before flowering. Spray before	
Safflower				410 - 800					plants are 40 cm.	
				mL			221		Caray hafara flamating	
Sand Mustard/ Sand Rocket Shepherd's Purse				800 mL			3.3 L		Spray before flowering.	
Silver Leaf Nightshade							3.3 L		Spray at flowering. Fallow land: controls top growth only.	
Skeleton Weed		800 mL		800 mL			3.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.	

WEEDS CONTROLLED			CI	ROP		PASTURE	- NON-LEGUME	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW, ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only	
Stingless Nettle		800 mL	800 mL					2.1 to 2.5 L	
Stinging Nettle	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage
Stinkwort				800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	1.7 - 3.3 L	Spray younger plants, use high rates a plant matures.
Storksbill/Erodium				800 mL					
Sunflower (seedlings)	800 mL			410 - 800 mL	620 mL				Spray multiple leaves
Thistle									,
Golden							3.3 L	3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage
Nodding							3.3 L	1.15 – 1.7 L	Spray rosette to pre-flowering.
Saffron	620 mL	800 mL		410 - 800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL - 1.7 L	800 mL - 2.5 L	Spray up to rosette stage
Sheep						840 mL		840 mL - 3.3 L (WA only)	
Slender, Shore			800 mL	800 mL			1.7 - 3.3 L	800 mL - 3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage.
Soldier							3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage.
Spear	800 mL		800 mL				800 mL - 2.5 L	1.15 L - 2.1 L	Spray at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plant matures (pastures).
Stemless							3.3 L	2.5 - 3.3 L	Spray rosette stage to flowering.
St Barnaby's								1.15 - 1.7 L	
Star	1.7 - 3.3 L		800 mL				1.7 - 3.3 L	1.15 - 1.7 L	Spray seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Thistle									
Variegated			800 mL	410 - 800 mL	620 mL		800 mL to 2.5 L	800 mL to 3.3 L	Spray at rosette stage. Can cause stock poisoning.
Thornapple		3.5 L		410 - 800 mL			3.3 L	800 mL to 1.7 L	Spray at seedling stage.
Tree Hogweed	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage.
Turnip Weed		410 mL		410 - 800 mL	410 mL	620 mL		800 mL	Spray seedlings only.
Vetches/Tares	800 mL	620 mL	800 mL						
Wards Weed		410 mL							Spray at seedling stage.
Wild Cabbage	800 mL								Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild Garlic Only							6.6 L		Suppresses aerial growth only.
Wild Mignonette						840 mL	3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage.
Wild Mustard						570 mL		1.6 - 2.5 L (WA only)	
Wild Radish	800 mL	800 mL	800 mL	410 - 800 mL	800 mL	570 mL		800 mL (840 mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage
Wild Sage								2.5 - 3.3 L	
Wild Teasel							1.7 - 3.3 L		Spray at rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature.
Wild Turnip	210 mL	230 mL	800 mL	410 - 800 mL		400 mL		800 mL (840 mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage

	mL mL	(840 mL WA only	()
PLANT BACK DAYS FOR ALBAUGH SP	ERTO 680 EC HERBICIDE:		
Crop / Rates	Up to 510 mL/ha	510 mL - 1 L/ha	1 - 1.6 L/ha
Balansa Clover	7	7	10
Barley %	1	1	3
Chickpeas #	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba Beans	7	7	10
Field Peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins +	7	14	21
Medic	7	7	10
Narbon Beans	7	7	10
Navy beans	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian Clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Canola/Rapeseed #	14	21	28
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower #	7	14	21
Sorghum @	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub-Clover	7	7	10
Sunflower @	7	10	14
Triticale %	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat %	1	3	7
White Clover	7	7	10

# IMPORTANT

# WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15 mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

- % In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for Wheat, Barley, and Triticale.
- # In Queensland, planting of Canola/Rapeseed, Chickpeas and Safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at least 15 mm.
- @ In Central Queensland and when using 730 mL/ha or less of ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC HERBICIDE, the plant back period for Sorghum and Sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.
- + In WA the plant back period for Lupins at all rates is 28 days.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions

This product may be used in either high or low volume sprays. Just pour into water

BOOM SPRAYING - Use 30-100 Litres water/ha.

AERIAL SPRAYING - Use 20-90 Litres water/ha **EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE** 

Keep the spray unit for herbicides only if possible. Otherwise wash out the unit with hot soapy water followed by several clear water rinses. DO NOT use wooden spray vats as they cannot be cleaned. Hoses cannot be cleaned and new hoses should be fitted when the unit is to be used for any other purpose.

## TANK MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- Fill the spray tank ¼ full with water and agitate.
- Add wettable powders and water dispersible granules first.
- Agitate until these are uniformly dispersed, whilst adding water until the tank is 90% full
- Add suspension concentrates (flowables), then soluble concentrates. Add emulsifiable concentrates last.
- Top up the tank with water and continue agitation until all the ingredients are properly mixed.
- Observe any mixing instructions specifically stated on the tank mix products.

# RESISTANCE WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 4. HERBICIDE

ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide is a member of the Phenoxys group of herbicides. ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide has the Disruptors of Plant Cell Growth mode of action. For weed resistant management ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide is a Group 4 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide and other Group 4 Herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide or and other Group 4 Herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, ALBAUGH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ALBAUGH SPERTO 680 EC Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

# **PRECAUTIONS**

# RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT hand harvest sugar cane for at least 1 day after application. If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbowlength gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

# PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS:

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals. DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in "Critical Comments" as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result.

Legume Tolerance: If clovers are present, care should be taken to ensure that they have reached the 3 - 4 leaf stage before spraying. Rates above 410 mL of this product per hectare will destroy most clovers, whilst lucerne and medics are susceptible at any strength

# PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT:

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used

# INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Toxic to beneficial arthropods. Not compatible with integrated pest management (IPM) programs utilising beneficial arthropods. Minimise spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in non-crop areas.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

110 L Mini Bulk Returnable Container Store the original sealed container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the container with water or any foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the container have been used, please return the empty container to

Refillable Containers Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing spray or using undiluted concentrate, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves, goggles and half face piece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves. If applying by hand wear half face piece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles, respirator (and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water) and contaminated clothing.

## FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier and accessible from the Albaugh website albaugh.com/au TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, SALE AND USE

Many factors can affect or influence the activity of this product, including, but not limited to: weather and soil conditions, crop variety, treatment timing, water volume, application rates, spraying techniques, crop rotation, regional factors, and the occurrence and development of strains resistant to the active ingredient. Under certain circumstances, changes in activity or crop damage can occur. The manufacturer or supplier is unable to accept liability in these circumstances. All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for the purpose for which we expressly supply them: but we cannot exercise any control over their mixing, use or application which may affect the performance of the goods. All conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application, or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff, agents, or the re-sellers of the product whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

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