KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

ALBAUGH HEXANIL 250 SL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 250 g/L HEXAZINONE



5 HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds, perennial and For the control of certain broadleat weeds, perennial and annual grasses, woody weeds in pinus radiata plantations, pasture situations and commercial and industrial areas and rights of way as per the Directions for Use table IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET/BOOKLET BEFORE USE

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Directions for Use RESTRAINTS

NOTICE (NSW) ONLY

With the exception of regrowth less than five years old and under 3 metres tall, the clearing of more than five hectares of trees by aerial, ground or spot-gun application in NSW is prohibited, unless specifically authorised by permit. This restriction does not apply to woody weeds and stem injection of trees.

Crop and Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate/Ha	Critical Comments
Pinus radiata PRE-PLANTING Site preparation on pasture sites Native woodland, heath and	Annuals: Clovers (<i>Trifolium</i> spp), Flatweeds (<i>Hypochoeris</i> spp), Ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>)	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas and WA only	7 L	All Pre-Planting Situations: Apply from March to July. Plant pines when yellowing of sprayed area becomes visible. Avoid machine planting to ensure good residual activity of
second rotation sites - long term control	Perennials: Dandelion (Hypochaeris glabra), Kangaroo Grass (Themeda australis), Serrated Tussock (Nassella trichotoma), Wallaby Grass (Danthonia spp)		11 - 15 L	the product.
	Woody Weeds and Difficult To Kill Weeds: Bracken (Pteridium esculentum), Cassinia (common) (Cassinia aculeta), Hop Goodenia (Goodenia ovata), Silver Wattle (Acacia dealbata), Sunshine Acacia (Acacia botrycephaia), Varnish Acacia (Acacia verniciflua)		15 L	
Pinus radiata POST-PLANTING Tree release application on pasture sites	Annual and Perennial Weeds: As listed above in the Site Preparation Section of this Directions for Use Table.		11 - 15 L	All Post-Planting Situations: Apply from July to September. Wait approximately ONE month after transplanting young pines before spraying.
Native woodland, heath and second rotation sites -long term control	Woody Weeds and Difficult To Kill Weeds: As listed above in the Site Preparation Section of this Directions for Use Table.		15 L	DO NOT apply surfactant/wetting agent when spraying over <i>Pinus radiata</i> .
Pinus radiata POST-PLANTING Tree Release Application on Loamy Sands and Sandy Soils	Annual Ryegrass (Lolium rigidum), Sorrel (Rumex acetosella), Yorkshire Fog (Holcus lanatus)	SA only	10 L	Apply from August to September. Wait for approximately TWO months after transplanting young pines before spraying. DO NOT apply surfactant/wetting agent when spraying over Pinus radiata.
POST-PLANTING Tree Release	Annual and Perennial Weeds: As listed above in the Site Preparation Section of this Directions for Use Table	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA and WA only	6 L plus 8 L Flowable Atrazine or 5 kg Atrazine Wettable Powder	To ensure reliable results, avoid applying to <i>Pinus radiata</i> affected by stress, caused by waterlogging, drought etc. Avoid applying on shale soils and exposed subsoils. DO NOT apply surfactant/wetting agent when spraying over <i>Pinus radiata</i> . Apply from July to September. Wait approximately TWO months after transplanting young pines before spraying.
FORESTRY SPOTGUN ¹				
SITUATION/CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE OLD NOW ACT VICE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Post-planting Tree Release application pasture sites and Native Woodland, heath and second rotation sites	Rye Grasses	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, WA only	6 to 12 mL of spray solution/ pine	Mix 1 kg of Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide with 30 L of water and apply amount shown/pine. Use the higher rates of Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide wher weed pressure is heavy
	HARD TO KILL PERENNIALS Dandelion, Docks, Paspalum, Ribwort/Plantain, Serrated Tussocks, Snow Grass, Sorrel, Wallaby Grass, Yorkshire Fog Grass, Kangaroo Grass (Suppression only).		10 to 12 mL of spray solution/ pine	grasses are a major problem for longer term weed control and greater pine growth responses. Hold Forestry Shotgun (fitted with 120° solid cone nozzle) over the pine (slightly off centre to the central leader) with the nozzle tip 50 cm above the ground when making the application. Apply to 1 to 4 months after pines have been transplanted into placetime.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

Situation/Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Commercial and Industrial Areas, Rights of Way, around Agricultural Buildings and Pasture Situations	Acacia spp such as Brigalow (A. harpophylla)	Qld, NSW and ACT only		Seedlings/bushes/trees up to 5 m tall. For suckers use the rate as if seedlings/ bushes/trees 5 m tall ie 5 x 2 mL spots. Blackwood (A. melanoxylon) and Prickly Mimosa (A. verticillata) are not controlled at the recommended use rate.
	Silver Wattle (A. dealbata)	All States	height	
	Currawong/Hickory (White wood) (A. doratoxylon)	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only		
	Prickly Acacia (Acacia nilotica)	Qld, NSW and ACT only	4 mL/spot – 1 spot for each metre in height	Seedlings/bushes/trees up to 5 m tall. Apply between October and Manfor best results.
	Eucalyptus spp. such as Poplar Box/ Bimble Box (E. populenea)	Qld, NSW and ACT only	2 mL/spot – 1 spot for each bush/tree	Bushes/trees up to 1 m tall**
	Cresswick Apple Box (Scent Bark) (E. aromaphloia), Grey Box/ Gum topped Box (E. moluccana), Longleaf Box (E. goniocalys), White Box (E. albens)	NSW, ACT and Vic only	for each bush/tree	Bushes/trees 1 to 3 m tall.** Bushes/trees 3 to 7 m tall suckers.**
	Coolibah (E. microtheca)	NSW, ACT, Qld, WA, SA only	for each bush/tree	business a to 7 in tail success.
	Dawson Gum (E. cambageana)	Qld only]	
	Mountain Grey Gum/Monkey Gum (E. cypellocarpa)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	Blakely's Red Gum (E. blakelyi)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Red Ironbark/Mugga (E. sideroxylon)	NSW, Qld, ACT, Vic only		
	Congo Mallee (<i>E. Dumosa</i>), Yorrell (White Mallee) (<i>E. glacilis</i>), Pointed Mallee (Red Mallee) (<i>E. socialis</i>)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	Broadleaf Peppermint (E. dives), Narrow leaf Peppermint (E. radiata)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Brown Stringybark (E. baxteri)	Vic, SA only		
	Messmate Stringybark (E. obliqua), Red Stringybark (E. macrorhyncha)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	White Stringybark (E. globoidea)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Bitterbark/Quinine Tree (Alstonia constricta)	NSW, ACT, Qld only	for each metre in	Bushes/trees 3 m tall.
	White Cypress Pine (Callitris columellaris)	All States	height	
	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	Vic only		
	Dogwood/Common Cassinia/ Dolly Bush (<i>Cassinia aculeata</i>)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only		
	False Sandalwood/Budda (Eremophila mitchelli)	Qld, NSW, ACT only		
	Whitewood (Atalaya hemiglauca)	Qld, NSW, ACT, SA, WA only		
	Broadleaf Teatree (Melaleuca virdiflora)	NSW, ACT, Qld only		
	African Boxthorn (Lycium ferocissimum)	All States	for each metre in	Bushes/trees up to 3 m tall. **
	Yellow Wood (Terminalia oblongata) Tree-Of-Heaven(Ailanthus altissima)	Old only NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only	height	
	Sweet Briar (Rosa rubiginosa)	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas only		Bushes/trees up to 3 m tall. ** Deep rooted bushes may require re-treatment if at two years they are st partially green. Place spot near base of plant.**
	Parkonsonia (<i>Parkonsonia aculata</i>)	NSW, Qld, ACT, WA only	4 mL/spot - 1 spot for each bush (tree)	
	Rubber vine (<i>Cryptostegia</i> grandiflora)	Qld only	for each bush (tree)	Bushes/trees up to 2 m tall. Deep rooted bushes may require re-treatment if at two years they are st partially green. Place spot near base of plant.**
	Blackberry (Rubus spp.)	All States	bush	Single crowned bushes up to 1 m tall. Apply near base of crown. ** Tas only: DO NOT apply to bushes which bear mature or near mature fru
	Lime bush (Eremocitrus glauca)	Qld only	2 mL/spot – 2 spots for each bush	Bushes up to 3 m high.

** See General Instructions page – for on-surface nozzle or spear attachment recommendations.

Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate/Ha	Critical Comments
Around	Eucalyptus spp. such as Red	Qld only	1 mL/cut	15 cm centre to centre cut.
Agricultural	Bloodwood (E. dichromophloia)		or	
Buildings and in	Creswick Apple Box (Scent Bark)	NSW, ACT, Vic only	2 mL/cut	30 cm centre to centre cut.
Pasture Situations	(E. aromaphloia), Grey Box/ Gum			Apply cuts to waist height.
	Topped Box (E. moluccana), White	oluccana), White		Regardless of bush/tree size apply a minimum of 2 mL for each bush/tree.
	Box (E. albens)			For Grey Box/Gum Topped Box use the narrow spacing ie. 15 cm.
	Coolibah (E. microtheca)	NSW, ACT, Qld, WA,		
		SA only		
	Blakely's Red Gum (E. blakelyi)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Red Iron Bark/Mugga (E.	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic		
	sideroxylon)	only		
	Red Stringybark (E macrorhyncha)	NSW, ACT ,Vic, SA		
		only		
	Morton Bay Ash (E. tessellaris)	NSW, ACT, Qld only		
	Brown Box (E. macrocarpa),	NSW, ACT, Qld only	0.5 mL/cut	15 cm centre to centre cut.
	Ironbark (Silverleaf) (E.		or	
	melanopholia), Poplar Box/Bimble		1.0 mL/cut	30 cm centre to centre cut.
	Box (E. populenea)			Regardless of bush/tree size apply a minimum of 1 mL for each bush/tree.

for each bush

^{**} See General Instructions page - for on-surface nozzle or spear attachment recommendations.

Situation/ Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Around Agricultural Buildings and Pasture Situations	Acacia spp such as Brigalow (A. harpophylla)	Qld, NSW and ACT only	1 mL/spot	Seedlings or single stemmed trees up to 1 m tall.** Bushes/trees 1 to 4 m tall or suckers.**
	Silver Wattle (A. dealbata)	All States	4 mL/spot	Blackwood (A. melanoxylon) and Prickly Mimosa (A. verticillata) are not
	Currawong/Hickory (White wood) (A. doratoxylon)	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only	·	controlled at the recommended use rates.
	Eucalyptus spp. such as Poplar Box/ Bimble Box (E. populenea)	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1 mL/spot	Bushes/trees up to 1 m tall**
	Cresswick Apple Box (Scent Bark) (E. aromaphloia), Grey Box/ Gum-topped Box (E. moluccana), Longleaf Box (E. goniocalys), White Box (E. albens)	NSW, ACT and Vic only	4 mL/spot	Bushes/trees 1 to 7 m tall or suckers.**
	Coolibah (E. microtheca)	NSW, ACT, Qld, WA, SA only		
	Dawson Gum (E. cambageana)	Qld only		
	Mountain Grey Gum/Monkey Gum (E. cypellocarpa)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	Blakely's Red Gum (E. blakelyi)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Red Ironbark/Mugga (E. sideroxylon)	NSW, Qld, ACT, Vic only		
	Congo Mallee (<i>E. Dumosa</i>), Yorrell (White Mallee) (<i>E. glacilis</i>), Painted Mallee (Red Mallee) (<i>E. socialis</i>)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	Broadleaf Peppermint (<i>E. dives</i>), Narrow leaf Peppermint (<i>E. radiata</i>)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Brown Stringybark (E. baxteri)	Vic, SA only		
	Messmate Stringybark (E. obliqua), Red Stringybark (E. macrorhyncha)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only		
	White Stringybark (E. globoidea)	NSW, ACT, Vic only		
	Bitterbark/Quinine Tree (Alstonia constricta)	NSW, ACT, Qld only		
	White Cypress Pine (Callitris columellaris)	All States		
	Monterey Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)	Vic only		
	Dogwood/Common Cessinia/ Dolly Bush (<i>Cassinia aculeata</i>)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only		
	False Sandalwood/Budda (<i>Eremophila mitchelli</i>)	Qld, NSW, ACT only		
	Whitewood (Atalaya hemiglauca)	Qld, NSW, ACT, SA, WA only		
	African Boxthorn (<i>Lycium</i> ferocissimum)	All States		
	Yellow Wood (Terminalia oblongata)	Qld only		
	Rubber vine (<i>Cryptostegia</i> grandiflora)	Old only	1 mL/spot 4 mL/spot	Bushes/trees up to 1 m tall.** Bushes/trees 1 to 2 m tall. Deep rooted bushes may require re-treatment if at two years they are si partially green.
	Tree-Of-Heaven (Ailanthus altissima)	NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only	2 mL/spot	Bushes/trees up to 3 m tall.** Apply spots on a 1 x 1 m grid pattern.**
	Parkonsonia (<i>Parkonsonia aculata</i>)	NSW, Qld, ACT, WA only	1 mL/spot 4 mL/spot	Bushes/trees up to 1 m tall.** Bushes/trees 1 to 5 m tall.**
	Broadleaf Teatree (<i>Melaleuca</i> virdiflora)	Qld only	2 mL/spot	Bushes/trees 1 to 3 m tall.** Apply spots on a 2 x 2 m grid pattern.**

** See General Instructions page – for on-surface nozzle or spear attachment recommendations.

NON-FORESTRY AI	PPLICATIONS - GROUND APPLICATION	N		
Commercial and Industrial Areas, Rights of Way, around Agricultural Buildings and Pasture Situations	Annual Weeds: Summer Grass, Barnyard Grass, Love Grass, Green Amaranth, Asthma Plant, Common Sida, Common Sowthistle, Wild Oats, Soft Brome, Great Brome, Medics, Fleabanes, Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane), Blackberry Nightshade.	All States	13 - 18 L	Use the higher rates on heavy soils and soils high in organic matter or carbon; on light soils where rainfall is heavy or on dense established stands of hard to kill species such as Paspalum, Couch Grass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>), Nut Grass and Kikuyu.
	Perennial Weeds: Docks, Creeping Buttercup, Ribwort	Qld, NSW, ACT, WA	18 - 54 L	
	(Plantain), Couch Grass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>), Paspalum, Nutgrass, Kikuyu, Artichoke Thistle, Rhodes Grass, Chicory, Flatweeds.	Vic, SA, Tas only	22 to 43L	
	Parthenium hysterosphorus	Qld, NSW only		
	Large areas		Large 3.5 L	
	Small Areas		Small 7 mL/10 L/20 m²	
	Spiny Rush (Juncus acutus)	Vic only	360 - 540 mL/ 100 L of water	Gives complete eradication of mature plants only. Seedling plants should be controlled for up to 6 months.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: FOR PINUS RADIATA FORESTRY SITUATIONS ONLY **USE OF SURFACTANT/WETTING AGENTS**

DO NOT add a surfactant/wetting agent when applying by ground or air over Pinus $radiata\ trees.\ Use\ a\ surfactant/wetting\ agent\ for\ directed\ foliar\ applications\ to$ unwanted species. Add surfactant/wetting agent where appropriate at the rate of 250 - 500 mL/100 L of non-ionic surfactant containing 100% active constituent. Adjust rates according to the active constituent level in the product

SAFETY TO PINUS RADIATA PLANTATIONS:

Young pines may be killed or injured if post planting sprays are carried out in situations where

- 1. The soils is gravel/rocky and subsoils exposed.
- 2. The young pines are under stress due to some environmental factor, such as drought, moisture stress or waterlogging.
- 3. Soils that are poorly drained

SPRAY TANK PREPARATION:

With the agitator engaged:

- 1. Partially fill the tank with wate 2. Add correct amount of product for the area to be sprayed.
- 3. Top up the tank with water

kept running while spraying

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT:

Ground Application: Use 100 - 400 L per sprayed hectare. The denser the target species, the higher the water volume. Ensure spray overlap occurs above target weeds to prevent strips of uncontrolled weeds occurring

Strainer and nozzle screens of 50 mesh or coarser should be used and the agitator

Hand Held Equipment Application: Use 2000 - 4000 L per sprayed hectare. Aerial Application: Use a minimum of 5 L water for each litre of product recommended in the Directions for Use table.

SPRAYER CLEANUP:

 $\label{prop:condition} \mbox{ After use, clean all spray equipment by thoroughly washing with water in order to }$ avoid corrosion to tanks, lines and nozzles. Aircraft used in application should be thoroughly washed with particular attention to wheels and landing gear. Ensure drainage of water, used in clean up operation is discharged to areas that will not cause damage to desirable species either by direct contact or root uptake via seepage into soil.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is both foliar and root absorbed and will give residual soil activity. For best foliar and residual control, apply during periods of active plant growth Application when vegetation is dormant, semi-dormant, under moisture stress or during winter months may not be as effective. In temperate winter rainfall areas where temperatures are generally below 25°C during periods of active growth, overall effect may be slower to appear.

For best control of perennials, apply during the months of spring in these areas. In WA and SA apply only during April-August when adequate rainfall is expected. Sufficient moisture is required after treatment to promote root absorption by the weed species. DO NOT apply Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide during periods of intense rainfall or under conditions which will cause drift of movement to non-target areas (i.e. wind speeds exceeding 30 kph for ground application or 20 kph for aerial application). On slopes of 20 % to 30 % apply Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide by strip, spot or stem injection applications only. ON slopes great then 30 % apply by sport or stem injection application only. The L/ha rates in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE tables refer to SPRAYED hectare.

Visible symptoms and degree of effectiveness will vary with temperature, soil types, rainfall, soil moisture and stress level of plants.

SPOTGUN APPLICATIONS

a) To the Soil

For trees greater than 5 m tall, consider the stem injection technique as it requires less product.

For best results on sucker regrowth use the rate recommended for the tallest bushes (trees) listed in the Directions for Use tables, as suckers grow from the roots of previous trees with large food reserves.

Use the spear attachment for the SPOTGUN when treating brush or timber on sloping ground. Apply on the uphill side of the slope to a depth of 2 to 3 cm. Avoid application onto ash in recently burnt areas as this may reduce the treatment's effectiveness.

The product can be applied through the SPOTGUN at any time of the year; but results may be slow to appear if application is made to dry soil. For optimu results the following conditions are required:

a) Moist soil at application, or sufficient rainfall after treatment to promote root absorption by the target bush or trees.

b) Active plant growth.

Either the on-surface nozzle or spear attachment of the SPOTGUN may be used. When using the on-surface nozzle apply the product onto bare soil. In areas where there is pasture growth or leaf litter covering the soil surface, best results are obtained using the SPOTGUN with its spear attachment.

Use the spear attachment for the SPOTGUN when treating brush or timber on sloping ground. Apply on the uphill side of the slope to a depth of 2 to 3 cm. Small patches of pasture with its roots extending under the applied spot will also be controlled. Pasture will re-establish itself in affected areas, normally within 12 to 24 months of application

Individual Brush/Tree

All spots to be placed between the base and the dripline unless otherwise specified. Where only two spots are applied per plant, place spots on either side of the plant. Where applicable, apply multiple spots each evenly spaced around the plant

Grid Pattern Application

Unless otherwise indicated Bushes/trees up to 1 m tall.

- i) when the target plant density is less than 10,000/ha (ie. Plants more than 1 m apart), treat on an individual stem basis
- ii) when target plant density is 10,000/ha and greater (ie. Plants 1 m or less apart), treat using the 1 x 1 m grid pattern technique

Bushes/trees 1 to 7 m tall or suckers.

- i) when target plant density is less than 2,500/ha (ie. plants more than 2 m apart), treat on an individual stem basis.
- ii) when target plant density is 2,500/ha and greater (ie. plants 2 m or less apart), treat using the 2 x 2 m grid pattern technique

b) Stem Injection Application

For multi-stemmed trees, treat each stem as an individual tree.

Bushes (trees) up to 5 m tall. 1 cut/bush (tree) at waist height.

Trees 5 to 18 m tall. 30 cm centre to centre cut spacing around the circumference at waist height.

The Stem Injection technique requires less product than SPOTGUN applications to the soil for Eucalypts greater than 5 m tall. The product can be stem injected at any time of the year, but for best results treatment should be at a time of good sap flow. Avoid periods of drought stress. It is recommended that the injection cuts be made at a comfortable height – ie. waist height. Use a narrow bladed axe (5 to 7 cm wide blade) to make the cuts. A suitable Tree injector should be used to place the product into the cut. It is important that the axe cuts be made to the correct depth - this is down into the sap stream. Ensure the cuts are deep enough to properly penetrate the bark - the thickness of the bark varies from one species to another. Ensure that the product is injected into the cut within 5 seconds of the cut being made. This ensures its proper absorption into the sap stream. Failure to do this may result in unsatisfactory control.

FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS

Use sufficient water for thorough uniform coverage. For best foliar and residual control, apply as a post-emergent spray during the period of active plant growth and when the air temperature is 25°C and above. Applications when vegetation is dormant, semi-dormant, under moisture stress or during the winter months may not be as effective.

In temperate winter rainfall areas where temperatures are generally below 25°C during the period of active plant growth, the foliar effect may be slow to appear. In these areas herbicide activity is more dependent on root absorption. For residual control, sufficient rainfall is required after treatment to promote root absorption by the weeds. Results obtained may vary with the amount of chemical applied, rainfall, air temperature, soil type and other conditions. All use rates of the product are expressed as overall rates. For band treatment use proportionately less, ie. use one-third the overall rate when treating one-third of the area.

EQUIPMENT AND APPLICATION

a) SPOTGUN and Stem Injection

- i) Applications to the soil the product is to be applied using a SPOTGUN.
- ii) Stem Injection the product is to be applied using a suitable tree injector

b) Foliar Spray Applications

Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide is a water miscible liquid formulation. The product is mixed with water and applied at recommended rates with ground equipment. Partially fill the spray tank with water and add the correct amount of the product for the area to be sprayed with the agitation system engaged. Top up to correct volume with water, and for best results keep the spray solution agitated whilst spraying. To prevent nozzle blockage, strainer and nozzle screens should be 50 mesh or coarser

Ground Application: Apply in 100 - 400 L per sprayed hectare with a properly calibrated boom or 2000 - 4000 L per sprayed hectare with hand spray equipment. LISE OF SURFACTANTS/WETTING AGENTS

Use a surfactant/wetting agent for foliar spray applications only, by ground equipment. A non-ionic surfactant/wetting agent may be added at the rate of 250 - 500 mL/100 L or spray (for a surfactant containing 100% active constituent) for improved wetting

RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 5 HERBICIDE

Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide is a member of the Triazinones group of herbicides. Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide has the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide is a group "5" herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide and Group 5 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide or other group "5" herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Albaugh Hexanil 250 SL Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS a) All Application Methods

THE PRODUCT MAY KILL MANY TREES AND OTHER DESIRABLE PLANTS IF NOT CORRECTLY APPLIED. See also specific items listed for each use method. DO NOT apply on or near desirable trees or other plants (except as recommended for crop use), or on areas where their roots may extend, as guidance this is two times their height or more depending on the species and other conditions. DO NOT apply in areas where a surface flow of water could wash the chemical into areas where the roots or desirable trees or plants may extend. DO NOT drain or flush spray equipment, SPOTGUN or Stem injector near desirable trees or in areas where their roots may extend

b) Foliar Spray Applications

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. DO NOT use on lawns, walkways, driveways or tennis courts.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

a) SPOTGUN and Stem Injection Applications - Stock do not need to be moved away from SPOTGUN and Stem Injection treated areas.

b) Foliar Spray Applications - Keep stock away from sprayed areas. PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or the used containers

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT use or store at temperatures of 0°C, or below, as the product will freeze. Flammable, keep away from heat, sparks and naked flame. Keep from contact with fertilisers, insecticides, fungicides and seeds. DO NOT reuse container. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For refillable containers, empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. DO $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOT}}$ inhale spray mist. When opening the container, preparing the spray and using the prepared spray, wear elbow length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash the area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash contaminated clothing, gloves and face shield or goggles.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a Doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Telephone Australia 13 11 26). If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a Doctor

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier and accessible from the Albaugh website albaugh.com/au TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, SALE AND USE

 $\label{thm:constraints} \mbox{Many factors can affect or influence the activity of this product, including, but}$ not limited to: weather and soil conditions, crop variety, treatment timing, water volume, application rates, spraying techniques, crop rotation, regional factors, and the occurrence and development of strains resistant to the active ingredient. Under certain circumstances, changes in activity or crop damage can occur. The manufacturer or supplier is unable to accept liability in these circumstances. All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for the purpose for which we expressly supply them: but we cannot exercise any control over their mixing, use or application which may affect the performance of the goods. All conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application, or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff, agents, or the re-sellers of the product whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

APVMA Approval Number: 81083/141683